## MUNGER & COMPANY, CPAs

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## Ocean Discovery Institute Audited Financial Statements December 31, 2018

# **Table of Contents**

	Page No.
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	2
Statement of Activities	3
Statement of Functional Expenses	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-13

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Audit Committee of **Ocean Discovery Institute** 

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ocean Discovery Institute, a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ocean Discovery Institute as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

August 21, 2019

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2018

Assets		
Cash	\$	522,295
Restricted cash	Ψ	422,440
Short-term investments		400,000
Promises to give		494,865
Accounts receivable		133,168
Inventory		8,287
Prepaid expenses		44,143
Property and equipment, net		16,117,269
Total assets	<u> </u>	18,142,467
Liabilities and net assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	ø	105.000
Deferred revenue	\$	195,933
		11,701,667
Total liabilities		11,897,600
Net assets		_
Without donor restrictions		
Undesignated		841,513
Designated by Board reserve		150,000
Invested in property and equipment, net of deferred revenue		4,415,602
		,,113,002
With donor restrictions		
Purpose restrictions		837,752
Total net assets		6,244,867
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	18,142,467

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		Total	
Support and revenue						Total
Fundraising special events	\$	573,866	\$	_	\$	573,866
Costs of fundraising special events		(136,523)	4		Ψ	(136,523)
Net support from special events		437,343		540		437,343
Other support and revenue						457,343
Program fees and income		100,133				100,133
Contributions		904,927		284,722		1,189,649
Government grants		496,102		204,722		496,102
Capital campaign		,		1,176,518		1,176,518
Interest income		7,616		1,170,516		•
In-kind contributions		12,781				7,616
Bad debt recovery		3,196				12,781
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(1,282)				3,196
Other income, net of expense of \$2,160		121				(1,282)
Net assets released from restrictions		1,561,774		(1,561,774)		121
Total support and revenue		3,522,711		(100,534)		2 422 177
		3,522,711		(100,334)		3,422,177
Expenses						
Program services		1,672,886				1 (72 007
Supporting services		1,072,000				1,672,886
Management and general		411,551				411 551
Fundraising		298,180				411,551
Total expenses		2,382,617				298,180
-		2,302,017		100		2,382,617
Change in net assets		1,140,094		(100,534)		1,039,560
Net assets, beginning of year		4,267,021		938,286		5,205,307
Net assets, end of year	\$	5,407,115	\$	837,752	\$	6,244,867

# OCEAN DISCOVERY INSTITUTE STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		dnS	Supporting Services	ices	
		Management		Total	
	Program	and	Fund-	Supporting	
	Services	General	raising	Services	Total
Salaries	\$ 692,911	\$ 242,519	\$219.422	\$ 461 941	\$1 154 852
Employee insurance	56,377	19,732	17.853	37 585	03 060
Payroll taxes	\$7 808	20.02	10,000	000,00	202,50
Bank service charoes	000,10	20,233	18,506	38,539	96,347
Cost of goods sold		204	5,053	5,257	5,257
Cost of direct hounders as as as	2,160			1	2,160
Cost of unfect benefits to donors			136,523	136,523	136,523
Equipment sentel and and	172,708	21,588	21,588	43,176	215,884
Lyuphient lendi and maintenance	44,349	4,050	1,867	5,917	50,266
Tions and account.	30,295	6,290		6,290	36,585
Morfodia	7,334				7,334
Marketing		17,750		17,750	17,750
Other	31,557	13,292		13,292	44 840
Postage and printing	16,046	2.006	2,006	4 012	90,000
Professional fees	284,242	51 802	Î	4,012	20,038
Rent	40 503	71,602	7	208,15	336,044
Scholarships	200,64	0,188	6,188	12,376	61,879
Sumplies	110,000			ı	17,276
Telenhone	118,007	2,263	2,263	4,526	122,533
Travel and automobile	29,072	3,634	3,634	7,268	36,340
Total and automobile	65,401			Ŀ	65,401
10tal expenses by function	\$1,675,046	\$ 411,551	\$434,703	\$ 846,254	\$2.521.300
Less expenses included with revenues					
Cost of goods sold	(0) 160)				
Cost of direct benefit to donors	(7,100)		(107,500)	1 (	(2,160)
Total expenses included in the expense			(130,323)	(136,523)	(136,523)
section on the statement of activities	\$1.672,886	\$ 411,551	\$298,180	\$709,731	\$2,382,617

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Change in net assets	\$ 1,039,560
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	4 1,000,000
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	215,884
Changes in discount on promises to give	(1,500)
Bad debt recovery	(1,696)
Loss on sale of property and equipment	1,282
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in promises to give	(284,508)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(23,566)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	2,867
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	(4,893)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,730
Net cash provided by operating activities	956,160
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,352,541)
Redemption (purchase) of investments	496,281
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(856,260)
Net change in cash	99,900
Cash, beginning of year	844,835
Cash, end of year	\$ 944,735
Cash consists of:	
Unrestricted cash	\$ 522,295
Restricted cash	422,440
Total	\$ 944,735
	ψ
Supplemental disclosures:	
Assets acquired through capital lease	\$ 11,701,667
Captial lease assets acquired with deferred revenue	
1 The state of the state deferred to vehice	\$(11,701,667)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2018

# Note 1. Nature of Organization

Ocean Discovery Institute (the "Institute") is a California non-profit corporation organized in 1999 that uses ocean science to empower young people from underserved urban communities to transform their lives, community, and world as science and conservation leaders.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Institute's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") on the accrual basis of accounting.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and highly liquid financial instruments restricted to building projects or other long-term purposes are excluded from this definition.

# **Receivables and Credit Policies**

Accounts receivable consist primarily of noninterest-bearing amounts due for grants, contributions, capital campaign promises to give and operating programs. We determine the allowance for uncollectable accounts receivable based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. Accounts receivable are written off when deemed uncollectable. At December 31, 2018, management determined that no allowance was necessary.

#### **Promises to Give**

We record unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give expected to be collected in future years are initially recorded at fair value using present value techniques incorporating risk-adjusted discount rates designed to reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. In subsequent years, amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue in the statements of activities. We determine the allowance for uncollectable promises to give based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. Promises to give are written off when deemed uncollectable. At December 31, 2018, there was no allowance as all amounts are expected to be received in 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

# Note 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)</u>

#### Inventory

Inventory consists or merchandise to promote the Institute's programs and activities. All inventory are stated at the lower of cost or market. Costs of merchandise inventory is determined by the weighted average cost method. There was no allowance for inventory obsolescence at December 31, 2018.

#### **Property and Equipment**

We record property and equipment additions over \$1,000 at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from five to seven, or in the case of capitalized leased assets or leasehold improvements, the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in the statements of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed currently.

We review the carrying values of property and equipment for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. When considered impaired, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. There were no indicators of asset impairment during the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### Investments

We record investment purchases at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Net investment return/(loss) is reported in the statements of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve and board-designated endowment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

# Note 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)</u>

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as revenue when the assets are placed in service. We report contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

#### Revenue and Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when earned. Program service fees and payments under cost-reimbursable contracts received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed or expenditures are incurred, respectively. Contributions are recognized when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met.

#### Donated Services and In-Kind Contributions

Volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to our program services, administration, and fundraising and development activities; however, the financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. Contributed goods are recorded at fair value at the date of donation (Note 9).

# **Advertising and Marketing Costs**

Advertising and marketing costs are expensed as incurred, and approximated \$18,000 during the year ended December 31, 2018.

## **Functional Allocation of Expenses**

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2018

# Note 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>, (continued)

#### **Income Taxes**

The Institute's is organized as a California nonprofit corporation and have been recognized by the IRS as exempt from federal income taxes under IRC Section 501(a) as organizations described in IRC Section 501(c)(3), qualify for the charitable contribution deduction under IRC Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) and have been determined not to be private foundations under IRC Sections 509(a)(1) and Section 23701(d) of the California Code. The Institute is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS and information returns Form 199 and RRF-1 for California. In addition, the Institute is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to its exempt purpose. We have determined that it is not subject to unrelated business income tax and have not filed an Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (Form 990-T) with the IRS or Form 109 with California. The Institute's tax returns are subject to examination by the IRS for three year after they are filed and four years after they are filed with California.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

## Financial Instruments and Credit Risk

We manage deposit concentration risk by placing cash, and certificates of deposit with financial institutions believed by us to be creditworthy. At times, amounts on deposit may exceed insured limits or include uninsured investments in money market mutual funds. To date, we have not experienced losses in any of these accounts. Credit risk associated with accounts receivable and promises to give is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from Board members, governmental agencies, and foundations supportive of our mission. Investments are made by diversified investment managers whose performance is monitored by us and the finance committee of the Board of Directors. Although the fair values of investments are subject to fluctuation on a year-to-year basis, we and the investment committee believe that the investment policies and guidelines are prudent for the long-term welfare of the organizations.

#### **Subsequent Events**

We have evaluated subsequent events through August 21, 2019, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

## Note 3. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

Cash	\$ 522,295
Receivables	133,168
Operating investments	400,000
	<u>\$1,055,463</u>

As part of our liquidity management plan, we invest cash in excess of daily requirements in CDs.

The Board-Designated Reserve of \$150,000. Although we do not intend to spend from the board-designated reserve, these amounts could be made available if necessary. As a result, we have included the \$150,000 board-designated reserve in the cash balance of \$522,295.

# Note 4. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

We report certain assets at fair value in the financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. In these situations, we develop inputs using the best information available in the circumstances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

# Note 4. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, (continued)

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to entire measurement requires judgment, taking into account factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to our assessment of the quality, risk, or liquidity profile of the asset or liability.

Our investment assets are classified within Level 1 because they comprise certificates of deposits with readily determinable fair values based on daily redemption values.

# Note 5. Accounts Receivable and Promises to Give

Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

Operating receivables

\$ 133,168

Unconditional promises to give are estimated to be collected as follows at December 31, 2018:

Within one year

\$ 494,865

At December 31, 2018 two donors accounted for 88 percent of accounts receivable and promises to give. Seven contributors accounted for approximately 54 percent of total contribution revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018.

# Note 6. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following at December 31, 2018:

Land	ø	405 401
Equipment and fixtures	\$	495,491
Vehicles		138,455
Leasehold improvements		48,669
Total property and equipment		<u>15,710,040</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation		16,392,655
Total property and equipment, net		_(275,386)
rotal property and equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	16,117,269

Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$215,884 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

#### Note 7. Line of Credit

The Institute has a \$100,000 revolving line of credit with a bank, secured by substantially all of the assets. There were no borrowings under the line for the year ended December 31, 2018. The line bears interest at the bank's prime rate (4.5% at December 31, 2018) plus 1.00%. Accrued interest and principal have been extended to mature (June 30, 2020).

#### Note 8. Leases

We lease office space under a capital lease (no lease payments required), and equipment under various operating leases expiring at various dates through 2022. For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2020, 2021, lease payments are \$6,937 for each of those years. The remaining portion due in 2022 totals \$1,734. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2018 totaled \$61,879.

The capital lease is the result of a joint venture agreement with the San Diego Unified School District (the District) whereby the District provided \$11.8 million dollars towards the construction of a new building (Living Lab) that is owed by the District and operated by the Institute. The Institute will receive title to the Living Lab at the end of 40 years' operating the facility. The Institute incurred additional costs to complete the Living Lab and those costs are included as leasehold improvements on the statement of financial position. Under occupancy, the Institute is obligated to provide programming to students of the District over the lease term of 40 years.

The Institute estimates that programming services to students will approximate \$295,000 per year. As a result, the transaction is being accounted for as an exchange transaction, rather than a contribution from the District. An exchange transaction represents a reciprocal transfer in which each party receives and offers approximately equal value. Since the Institute is obligated to perform ongoing programming services through the 40 year term of the lease, the Institute recorded deferred revenue totaling \$11.8 million at the time it recorded a leasehold improvement of \$11.8 million under this lease. The Institute anticipates reducing deferred revenue on a straight-line basis by the estimated annual service costs of \$295,000 and having it become fully amortized over the 40 year lease term. The date of occupancy was late August 2018. The Living Lab was completed and placed in service in late 2018.

#### Note 9. Donated Materials

The Institute received donated materials as follows during the year ended December 31, 2018:

	rogram ervices	Management and General		Fundraising and Development		Total	
Travel Supplies Other	\$ 4,057 6,995 929	\$	- 	\$	800	\$	4,857 6,995 929
	\$ 11,981	\$	-	\$	800	\$	12,781

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

# Note 10. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes and periods for the year ended December 31, 2018:

Subject to expenditure for specified purposes:

Living Lab	\$ 496,897
Student Initiative	89,635
Leaders Initiative	190,004
Community Initiative	9,196
Operations	52,020
Total Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	\$ 837,752
	<u> </u>

Net assets released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified by the donors as follows for the year ended December 31, 2018:

Satisfaction of purpose restrictions:

Living Lab	\$ 1,366,249
Student Initiative	30,568
Leaders Initiative	23,892
Community Initiative	5,000
Operations	136,065
Total releases from restrictions	
	<u>\$ 1,561,774</u>

## Note 11. Functionalized Expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include occupancy, depreciation, and amortization, salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, professional services, office expenses, information technology, interest, insurance, and other, which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort and overall usage.

## Note 12. Employee Benefit Plans

The Institute has a retirement savings 401(k) plan in which all employees over 18 years of age may participate. The Company currently does not match employees' contributions.